

The Daily Colonist.

VOL. LXXXVI. NO. 16.

VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 27, 1901.

FORTY-THIRD YEAR



FRENCH WINES

BARTON & GUESTIER'S
Chateau Margaux
Chateau Larose, Chateau Yquem
St. Julien, Margaux
Medoc, Sauternes, Etc., Etc.

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**R. P. RITHET & CO., Limited**  
Importers

**Marine Insurance**

**EFFECTED AT LOWEST RATES**

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**Robert Ward & Co., Ltd.**

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LONDON & PROVINCIAL MARINE AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY  
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OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED, OF LONDON, ENGLAND.  
LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION, OF LONDON, ENGLAND.  
SWISS MARINE INSURANCE COMPANIES (COMBINED).  
WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY OF TORONTO.  
LAFONCIER COMPAGNIE D'ASSURANCES.

**HYGIENIC  
BAKING POWDER**

Pure and Wholesome

The result of several years' experimenting by the best chemists in America.  
It is a Straight Phosphate and Soda Powder (no Alum.)  
For Sale by all Retail Grocers.

**STEMLER & EARLE** Manufacturers  
VICTORIA B.C.

# Pither & Leiser

Direct importers of all leading brands of WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, ETC. Agents in British Columbia and the Yukon Territory for G. H. MUMFESS "EXTRA DRY," the great leader, WALKER'S famous "KILMARNOCK" Scotch Whisky, LEMPS' justly celebrated "EXTRA PALE" St. Louis Beer, and other favorite beverages. None but the best imported by us. Large stock always. HAVANA CIGARS.

## Pither & Leiser

Importers and Wholesalers  
VICTORIA, B. C.

**Watson's** ★ ★ ★  
**Glenlivet**

Direct from Distillery  
to Victoria

Which means that the quality of the whiskey is not reduced to pay royalties to Eastern houses. Although the public is always on the lookout for something new the connoisseur, after trying other brands of SCOTCH WHISKY, always returns to WATSON'S XXX GLENLIVET, which possesses the genuine merit that only can excel.

ASK FOR IT—and what is more particular—see that you get it and do not get rellied bottles. The popular brands always suffer in this way.

**EARSMAN, HARDIE & CO.**  
Sole Agents for British Columbia.

**The New Electric  
Hot-Air Baths**

GREVILLE SYSTEM.

Or localized application of super-heated dry air for the treatment of enlarged and stiffened joints caused by rheumatism and gout; also for sciatica, lumbago, neuritis, sprains, etc.

Terms and testimonials upon application.

40 KANE STREET,  
Telephone 791.      Astoria, B. C.

The Leasing  
**Scotch Whisky**  
*Whyte & Mackay*  
**GLASGOW**  
**Special Selected Highland Scotch Whisky**  
**Scotch Liqueur Whisky**

*Sole Proprietors*  
*Whyte & Mackay*  
**GLASGOW**

This unrivalled Scotch Whisky is now the OLDEST, BEST KNOWN and the MOST APPRECIATED of any other brand in the Province.

It has stood the test of TEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE, having maintained its reputation for PURITY, SUPERIOR QUALITY and GENERAL EXCELLENCE, and is specially recommended in cases of sickness by leading medical gentlemen.

Sold by all Wholesale Dealers.

**JAMES CRAWFORD**

**Mining Shares**  
**WANTED**  
NOBLE FIVE ;  
RAMBLER-CARIBBOO.  
CENTRE STAR.  
**FOR SALE**  
NOBLE FIVE and all other B. C. Mining  
Shares.  
**A. W. MORE & CO., LTD.**  
86 Government St., next Bank of

**Mining Shares**  
For a Sound Investment  
**NORTH STAR**  
Which has paid \$75,000 in dividends this year, is a great  
BUY  
**B. H. HURST & CO.**  
44 FORT STREET

**WHITE  
MIDDLINGS**

Made from Lily White Wheat. If  
you want a good article call and see  
it.

**SYLVESTER FEED CO.,  
City Market.**

Ward and Drake Win Second Round in All-Comers.

London, June 26.—In the all-England lawn tennis championships at Wimbledon, H. S. Mahoney beat C. H. L. Gulezetti today in the third round of the singles. In the second round of the all-comers doubles, D. Davis and H. Ward Americans, beat Eaves and Hilliard by three sets to one.

The contest reassures the Americans meeting the Dohertys, holders of the double championship. This will necessitate their winning three more rounds. But the defeat of Eaves and Hilliard disposes of their most formidable competitors. The crowd of fashionable people present was most formidable, cheering the Americans heartily. The contest was stubbornly contested. The English players commenced well, winning the first set, 6 to 3. The Americans then got together, the players dashing game, puzzling their opponents by fast and tricky service and high lobbing.

They won the second set by 6 to 3, and the third became a vantage set. The Americans won the third by 9 to 3. The fourth was an almost equal, but the Americans won it by 6 to 3.

This the Americans won by 8 to 6. Opinion is evenly divided as to the Americans' chances against the Dohertys.

SPARRING FOR TIME.

Montreal Having Trouble Over Civic Lighting Contract.

Montreal, June 26.—The civic lighting contract was up before the council today. After much discussion and before a vote could be put on the motion to accept the lowest tender, a motion was made to adjourn, and it was carried by the casting vote of the mayor.

Japanese

Evade Law

Fishing Licenses Being Refused by Inspector Sword to Non Residents.

But As Boat Pullers the Orientals Manage to Secure Work.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, June 23.—Provincial Immigration Agent McAllister stated this morning that there were 250 Japanese inspected by him from the Seattle steamers since the first of June. Nearly all of them had naturalization papers. He had received instructions from his department to hand in the names and addresses of all Japanese arrivals to Fisheries Inspector Sward, who had expressed his determination to prevent those Japanese who winter in Seattle, securing fishing licenses from the salmon commission, from coming to the coast on no matter whether they are naturalized or not, on the grounds that only bona fide residents of Canada are entitled to fishing licenses. It is stated, however, that the Japanese referred to are getting around this clause in the act in the most sly manner, by taking out licenses as boat pullers only and going into partnership with resident Japanese entitled to the licenses. If there are 1,000 resident Japanese who have secured licenses, these Japanese will require 1,000 boat pullers, who can easily be supplied from the Japanese population who have secured licenses, but who will reap the benefits of the fishing as much as the licensed Japanese.

There was an important meeting of the Dominion Day celebration committee last night. The appropriations thus far are: \$500; Vancouver Gun Club, \$100; sports committee, \$200; Jockey Club, \$600; procession committee, \$400. The following is a rough draft of the programme:

July 1.—Morning: Grand procession; baseball game at Brockton Point. Afternoon: Boat race on the Strait of Georgia; lacrosse at the Point between Vancouver and Westminster; races at Hastings; Vancouver Gun Club at Mt.

July 2.—Morning: Regatta on Inlet.  
Afternoon: Bicycle races, naval sports and band concert, horse races at Hastings.  
A military concert will be held in the opera house on the evening of the 3rd, when a company of singing ladies will go through drill, and a ball will take place on the evening of the second at the Hotel Vancouver.  
Mr. Munden's boat shed, containing 8200 worth of boats and two fishing boats, was destroyed by fire last night. Mr. Munden declares that his shed was set on fire by some unknown person.  
Rev. Father Moran, O. M. I. for 13 years of Westminster, has left for England.

## A FIGHTING CHURCHMAN

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Bishop Courtney of Nova Scotia  
Knocks Rude Man's Hat  
Off.

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From Our Own Correspondent.  
Halifax, June 26.—Bishop Courtney of the Anglican diocese of Nova Scotia made a scene at an entertainment in this city last night. A London showman came here, producing an exhibition of moving pictures, representing the British sailors and everyday life of His Majesty's sailors. After the performance a picture of King Edward was thrown on and the band played "God Save the King." The audience apparently in a great hurry to leave the hall started to go with his hat on.

As the man came down the aisle he had to pass Bishop Courtney. His Lordship, who was at the time in a slashing coat and with a sword at his side, the Bishop rose, and with indignation struck off the hat, saying as he did so, "You ought to be ashamed of yourself!" The man stooped to the ground and picked up his hat, looking very sheepish, but beyond muttering some inaudible words made no remonstrance. Such of the crowd as saw the incident gave Bishop Courtney a cheer.

One is Creating Excitement in the Suburbs.

Toronto, Ont., June 26.—A wild wolf is haunting Little York and creating great excitement in that suburb. Several people have seen the animal.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, B. C., June 26.—Labor Commissioner Bremner appeared before the Grand Lodge of the Fishermen's union today in session at Westminster, and was asked by the lodge to act as intermediary between the fishermen and the cannerymen. It is understood that in accepting the offer of the lodge, Mr. Bremner promised to do what he could in effecting a settlement.

The white fishermen packed the city hall to the doors tonight to listen to the following speakers on the salmon canning deadlock: Capt. Anderson, Wilgress, Cartwright, K. McPherson, Ald. Baxter, and President Rogers of the Vancouver Fishermen's union, Indian Chief Harry and W. Zeedler.

The meeting was orderly, and there was no incendiary talk. The fishermen were advised by the speakers to stick together, and all of them expressed the opinion that the demands of the fishermen were fair and their belief that the cannerymen can afford to pay what the fishermen have asked.

No resolution was passed, a resolution to ask the cannerymen to arbitrate the question being withdrawn on the statement being made that the grand lodge had asked the cannerymen to arbitrate, and the

**WILL ASK FOR ASSAY OFFICE.**

Board of Trade Takes Action to Secure  
Victoria's Share of Yukon Gold.

The agitation for the establishment of an assay office in Victoria was renewed yesterday by the B. C. Board of Trade. Several members of the council of the board called, upon Mr. Richard McPhee, minister of mines, to discuss a plan of action whereby the Dominion government might be induced to reconsider the decision of establishing a purchasing office at Vancouver only. After making their views known, they then retired with the understanding that the council should meet later in the day and formulate a proposal which will be submitted to the provincial executive to-day.

A meeting was held in the board room at 4 o'clock at which a definite plan was crystallized. A conference with the government will be held to-morrow, and the result communicated to Ottawa.

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Safe in Europe He Patiently Waits the Wind-up.

Rotterdam, June 26.—In a speech of welcome at the town hall today, the Burgomaster spoke of the similarity between the Transvaal and the Dutch struggle against the Boers, and said Rotterdam wished through Kruger to pay homage to the Boer nation, which had shown such faith and confidence in his own strength.

Mr. Kruger in a brief reply, deplored the fact that his country was cut off from supplies at a moment when, whereas the Dutch had had their own supplies during their struggle. He was fully convinced that the Lord would deliver his country in his own good time.

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SHORT HONEYMOON.

Morning, One Day. Arrested the Next

Toronto, June 26.—A warrant was issued today for the arrest of W. H. Matthews, Hubville, Ont., manager of W. H. Matthews & Co., private bankers. He is alleged to have forged the names of J. Whitesides and R. B. Whitesides to notes for about six thousand dollars. Matthews is now in New York having been married yesterday and gone to that place on a wedding tour.

C. P. R. COUNSEL.

Mr. Creelman of Toronto Gets the Position.

Toronto, June 26.—A. R. Creelman, K. C., leaves next week for Montreal. He succeeds Judge Clark as chief counsel for the C. P. R.

**STRIKE SETTLED.**  
Machinists in York, Pennsylvania, Go  
Back to Work.  
York, Pa., June 26.—The strike of the  
union machinists in this city was de-  
clared off today.

**E. A. HARRIS & CO.**  
REAL ESTATE AND MINING  
BROKERS

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**We are Buying**  
**NOBLE FIVE**

Bring your stock to us direct and save  
paying unnecessary commissions. We will  
net you top price for it.

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**35 FORT STREET**

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**Andrew Usher & Co.'s**  
Celebrated Scotch Whiskies.

O. V. G. S. R. O. V. G.  
C. O. H.

**Basz' Famous Burton Ale**  
**on Draught**

Agent.

**W. A. WARD,**  
**BANK OF MONTREAL BUILDING**











# The Colonist.

THURSDAY, JUNE 27, 1901.

Published by

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability

No. 27 Broad Street, Victoria B. C.

PERCIVAL R. BROWN, Manager.

## THE DAILY COLONIST.

Delivered by carrier at 20c. per week, or mailed postpaid to any part of Canada (except the city) and United States at the following rates:

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|------------|---------|
| One Year   | \$10.00 |
| Six Months | \$6.00  |

## THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST

|              |        |
|--------------|--------|
| One Year     | \$1.50 |
| Six Months   | 75c    |
| Three Months | 40c    |

Sent postpaid to any part of Canada and the United States.

TERMS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

## NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

All new advertisements and changes of advertising, to ensure their being inserted, should be handed in to the business office not later than 6 p.m. Advertisements will be accepted up to 8 p.m. at the business office, but insertion cannot be guaranteed. For urgent advertising after 8 p.m., consult the Night Editor.

### \$10 REWARD

Will be paid for such information as will lead to the conviction of anyone stealing the Colonist from the doors of subscribers.

### AS TO SCHOOLS.

There is undoubtedly some feeling in Victoria in regard to the High School, even among those persons who voted for the building of a new house for its accommodation. It is not a feeling that the standard of education imparted there is too high. If anything, it is rather that the standard is not high enough. People who hold such views say that the graduate of the Victoria High School has not received the same degree of education which is imparted in the high schools of Eastern Canada or the United States. We are stating the case as it has been stated to us by more than one friend of higher education, and we do so without expressing any opinion of our own on the subject, but solely in the hope that good may result from a discussion of the whole question.

The question seems to be this: Are the children of Victoria getting the full advantage of the expenditure for education? On this point we would like to have the views of those who are in a better position to speak than any newspaper man can be. One gentleman, who voted for the by-law, and who said that in his opinion the standard of education in this city is not high enough, claimed that too many subjects are attempted to permit of thorough work being done in any of them. This is the criticism of a friend. What have the city educational authorities to say about it? It is alleged as a fault of our whole educational system, not simply in Victoria, but all over the province, that pupils are not well grounded. They get a smattering of many things, but they learn nothing thoroughly. The complaint is also made that children are given too much work to do at home, and that the nature of the questions they ask of their parents indicates that there is a lack of personal instruction on the part of teachers. We think that under a system of education, where nothing so far as the teacher's employment and remuneration depends upon the progress of individual pupils, but the maintenance of a good average is the test of efficiency, and almost necessarily so, there is not that incentive to discover the bent of individual minds and encourage study along corresponding lines. Our recollection of the early campaign in Eastern Canada for state education is that it was based in part upon the claim that where the earnings of teachers depended upon the number of pupils, as is the case with private schools, there was always a temptation to crowd the school, and hence individual pupils did not receive the attention which they ought to have, and it was argued that under a public school system the number of pupils to the teacher could be kept low, so as to permit of a greater degree of individual instruction. We do not think that this result has been achieved in any conspicuous degree anywhere, but on the contrary, that all the minds in the school are run in the same mold, so to speak, and results are measured with the same yardstick. (The simile is mixed, but the meaning will be clear.) As to how far this criticism applies to the schools of Victoria we shall not undertake to say. It is a subject that we would like to see very fully ventilated.

We hope that none of the Victoria teachers will feel that we have any desire to reflect upon them or their work. The object aimed at is quite otherwise. We would like to stimulate public interest in the schools to a greater degree than is now manifested. Another of the many callers upon the Colonist during the recent brief campaign said that there was too little co-operation on the part of parents with teachers. He said that there was a disposition on the part of some parents to cast the whole responsibility upon the training of their children upon the teachers. How true this is we, of course, do not know; but

we can easily imagine that the tendency of state education will be to some extent the same as the tendency of other state institutions, namely, to lead the individual to throw off as much responsibility as possible. That the teachers have a right to the best co-operation of parents hardly seems necessary to be said, but the caller referred to thought that it was, and asked us to speak about it.

We have a good lot of teachers in Victoria, and the people are disposed to treat them liberally, but it is not sufficient simply to elect a school board and send the children to school. The educational system should be kept in the public eye, and its merits and demerits should be freely debated. By that means only can it be kept thoroughly in line with public opinion, and in that way only can an intelligent opinion in regard to it be created.

### A "WIDE OPEN" POLICY.

Those people who advocate what they call "a wide open" policy can see one of the results of such a line of action in the latest Seattle tragedy. For some years it has been freely alleged that Seattle's chiefs of police have been in the pay of the vicious element. We do not say that this has been said of all the persons who have held the office during the last fifteen years, for we believe there have been some exceptions to the rule, but in one or two instances the practice grew to scandalous proportions. The late Bolton Rogers practised blackmail upon the vicious elements systematically, and Meredith, who was shot on Tuesday, apparently was carrying on the same business. It is perhaps more than a coincidence that the man who shot Meredith, that is Conditine, was largely instrumental in exposing both him and Rogers. Conditine is the proprietor of a variety theatre, concerning the character of which the less said the better.

The disgrace to Seattle in this affair is not that one man shot another, but that the municipal politics of the city are largely dictated by such men. And this will always be the case when year after year a city is run "wide open," because thereby a fictitious prosperity can be maintained. The argument for this policy in Seattle has been that, if the town was kept "wide open," miners and others would select it as a place of residence. Municipal corruption, vice flaunting itself in public places, hundreds of ruined homes, thousands of ruined lives and occasional, but not infrequent, murders, are the price that Seattle has paid for the poor kind of business success which rests upon a foundation of vice.

Let no one suppose that all the people of Seattle approve of this sort of thing. The majority of them do not, but unfortunately municipal politics there are run upon the same lines as the politics of the United States, and the party that wins is likely to pander to the worst element in the community in the hope of retaining power. Once or twice the respectability of the people has asserted itself, and the Anglen Stable of municipal government has been cleansed, but after a little the pursuit of the almighty dollar has taken up all attention and vice has got into the saddle again. The latest tragedy, which is not the first by a great many attributable to the "wide open" policy, may once more arouse them to a sense of duty. It is a gross scandal that a condition of things should exist in a civilized city, which would make the tragedy of Tuesday possible.

### PROGRESS IN ONTARIO.

Premier Ross, of Ontario, in a recent speech, announced that the construction of 353 miles of railway in that province has been provided for by recent legislation. The line will open iron mines, gold mines, copper mines, timber lands and farming lands. For about one half the mileage the province gives only land subsidies, for the remainder cash subsidies are given. The people of Ontario are not misled by the fallacy that land subsidies are pernicious. The construction of this railway mileage will lead to the expenditure for that purpose of probably \$30,000,000. How much more will be expended in industries, made possible by the additional means of communication thereby provided, must remain a matter of guess work. It will be a very large amount. We suppose it is a moderate estimate to say that within ten years from the time railway construction upon this 353 miles was begun, an amount equal to the cost of the railways will be expended in exploiting the wealth of the country thereby opened up. If this proves to be the case, it will mean the expenditure in Western Ontario of \$90,000,000 in ten years, and the effect of this upon Canada will be very great indeed. It will have a sort of reflex effect upon this province, if we are unable to show here a condition of activity of a similar kind.

One day Mr. A. Stewart Potts felt inspired to write a letter. This of itself was had enough, if Mr. Potts will excuse us for saying so, but he also was so rash as to suppose that the average individual can see a joke when it is unlabelled or unaccompanied by a diagram. This on the part of Mr. Potts, seeing that he is a graduate of a newspaper office, was absolutely inexcusable. But unfortunately we are participants criminals, for we permitted the letter to appear in cold type without any ear-marks to indicate that our correspondent was poking fun at certain superior people. We do not know what the effect has been upon Mr. Potts, as we have not seen him since. Possibly he has gone off somewhere and died. That's what we feel like doing, when day after day letters come written in a spirit of indignation which almost burns holes in the paper. We have stood this thing about as long as we can, and therefore desire to inform all men by those presents that Mr. Potts does not entertain the monstrous opinions which he ironically propounded. He is not the Duke of York in disguise with a family of children attending all the finishing schools on the Continent. His actual views on the educational question were very much like those of the people who attack him. We say "were," for if he has received many such letters as we have, he may be excused if he has utterly changed his opinion of the question of education.

Now that the by-laws have passed and it is likely that the various works authorized will be proceeded with at once, it would seem a good opportunity to carry out the intention of the people of Victoria to erect a lasting monument to Her late Majesty, Queen Victoria. This can be accomplished in one of two ways, viz., a small park might be set apart on the reclaimed James Bay flats, about midway between Humboldt and Belleville streets, to be called "Victoria Place," in which a statue of Her Majesty would be erected, or an arch might be built at the centre of the permanent way surmounted by such a statue. Either of these plans could be carried out effectively and at little expense, for the city council, having very wisely provided for contingencies in calculating the cost of the James Bay improvement, will have a surplus after filling them in, and this, if necessary, supplemented with private subscriptions, would provide a suitable memorial of our lamented sovereign.

Mrs. Henshaw, of Vancouver, whose first novel, "Hypnotized," attracted very favorable criticism, is about to give the public another. Messrs. Fisher, Uwin & Co., of London, have purchased the British copyright, and the Canadian edition will be bought out by the Morning Publishing Company, of Toronto. The story deals with British Columbia life and will doubtless command a large sale in this province.

Mr. A. J. Morley writes us a letter to suggest that the time has come to agitate for a Western university in Victoria. This may be true, but we are unable to agree with the suggestion that the James Bay flats will serve as a site for the institution. All the space available there would be much too small to furnish adequate grounds for a university.

The Times is making a good deal of fuss over the omission on the part of some one to send the acts of the last session of the legislature to Ottawa within ten days after the close of the session. We do not know who was at fault, but surely no one is so absurd as to suggest that the omission was deliberate.

In speaking of the Navy League yesterday, the Colonist called it the Victoria branch. This was a mistake. It is the British Columbia branch.

### WHOLESALE ENCROACHMENT.

In the former article under the above heading, it was shown that on the ocean coast, six thousand four hundred and fifty (6,450) square miles would accrue to the United States, by sale of Alaska, under the Anglo-Russian treaty. That large quantity of land and islands bordering on the Pacific coast, within the ten marine league boundary, was deemed a generous concession by Great Britain, sufficient to accommodate the requirements of the fur trading Russian company. The large and exceedingly convenient foothold was secured to them by the treaty of 1825. It was sold by Russia to the United States in 1867, with all its rights and privileges, but nothing more. Russia only could sell her rights under the treaty.

The foregoing approximate number of square miles, which would accrue to the United States by the purchase of Alaska under the treaty, is based and computed on a suggested conventional water boundary from Cape Chacon, northerly, and includes the whole of Prince of Wales Island, the Kuiu group, Baranoff and Chigazoff, intersecting the strip of land on the northern mainland, and westward to the 141st meridian, as may be agreed on. Such an arrangement would save further expense in survey and furnish an equitable and practicable boundary, both for the United States and Canada, or British Columbia. It would leave British Columbia in possession of her frontier as it existed prior to the treaty of 1825. Part of the land, an unwarrantable possession of a portion of British Columbia under the United States claim have done so with their eyes open. They may be permitted to retain the holdings under the British flag and under Canadian laws and regulations, which are generally admitted to be as desirable and safe, for life and property, as those of the United States.

Let us now see how Mr. Secretary of State Bayard manipulated his circuitous boundary, so as to maintain the United States the very large and valuable territory referred to, computed to contain four million one hundred and twenty-eight thousand (4,128,000) square miles, including islands, frontier, fisheries, timber and minerals, etc. Mr. Bayard, in his application to Lord Salisbury for the appointment of a joint high commission, begins very gently by stating he "was not aware that any question concerning the true location of the line so stipulated in the purchase of Alaska, and under the time between Great Britain and Russia, prior to the cession of Alaska." "It is certain," he continued, "that no question has arisen since 1867, between the governments of the United States and Great Britain in regard to this boundary." This latter statement is fully refuted by the following extracts from a reply by the Premier of British Columbia, Hon. T. Davie, to a question in the legislative assembly, Victoria, B.C., February 11, 1897. "The question of the boundary between Great Britain and Russia, prior to the cession of Alaska, is a question which has arisen since 1867, between the governments of the United States and Great Britain in regard to this boundary." "The committee of enquiry," he continued, "has been fully informed by the following extracts from a reply by the Premier of British Columbia, Hon. T. Davie, to a question in the legislative assembly, Victoria, B.C., February 11, 1897. "The question of the boundary between Great Britain and Russia, prior to the cession of Alaska, is a question which has arisen since 1867, between the governments of the United States and Great Britain in regard to this boundary." "The committee of enquiry," he continued, "has been fully informed by the following extracts from a reply by the Premier of British Columbia, Hon. T. 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# WANT TO BUY OR SELL, RENT OR LEASE? TRY IT IN WORLD'S ISSUE

## SPORTING NEWS

The J. B. A. A. oarsmen are practising faithfully every day in preparation for the N. P. A. A. O. regatta at Shawinigan lake next month. The boys are rapidly getting into first class condition, and when the day of their arrival, they will be fit to row for their lives. The seniors are determined to strain every nerve in order to bring back the championship to Victoria, and as the crew of the "Duke" is made up of "Dan" O'Sullivan (stroke), "Duke" Hable, "Dan" O'Sullivan (stroke), "Duke" Hable, "Joe" Bridgman and "Jim" Watson, it will be seen that they will put up a hard fight against all comers. "Dan" O'Sullivan is the same magnificent oarsman who proved himself to be in former years, when time and again he stroked the J. B. A. A. boys to victory. "Duke" Hable is another of the famous "Big Four" and he was always in the boat when the boys in blue and white carried their colors to victory. "Joe" Bridgman, the new man, is proving himself to be a splendid oarsman, well worthy of a place in the famous crew. "Jim" Watson, the bow man, rowed for the J. B. A. A. when they first started the crack crews of the coast, five years ago at Esquimalt, by winning easily from all the other crack crews of the Northwest. He is a good, reliable bow, and it is hoped that he will be the first man to cross the line in the big race next month. The juniors are following the seniors' example, and they will make their rivals work for all they are worth. If hard work for anything, they should win. "Duke" Hable, "Dan" O'Sullivan, "Joe" Bridgman, "Jim" Watson, L. Gill and K. Wollaston, who are the boys who will wear the junior colors and as they are all stalwart lads who can be depended upon to do anything in their power to win the race for their club, it is hoped that they should take place when they meet the Portland, Seattle and Vancouver crews.

### RETURN MATCH.

High and Collegiate School Eleven to Play on Saturday.

On Saturday the High and Collegiate schools will meet in the return cricket match. The former game was won by the Collegiate school, but as the High school boys are burning to avenge their defeat, and both sides will place their strongest eleven in the field, a very exciting match is expected. The eleven will be as follows:

Collegiate school—W. Newcombe, J. Hamilton, Hamington, Keefe, Bell, Kerfoot, Armstrong, Dorell, Dart, Marshall, Bell, first reserve, A. Kay.

High school—Allott, MacLachlan, Anderson, Lacy, Holmson, Gifford, Houston, Dickinson, Netherly, McNamee, Gibson.

### NORTHWEST REGATTA.

Yachtsmen to Gather at Port Townsend Next Week.

At Port Townsend on Tuesday next the tenth annual regatta of the N. W. L. Y. A. will be held. In this connection the secretary of the Victoria Yacht club has received the following communication:

Port Townsend, Wash., June 22.  
To the Secretary of the Victoria Yacht Club:

My Dear Sir:—After receiving the consent of all the clubs comprising the Northwest International association, I beg to inform you that the tenth annual regatta will be held here on the 2nd July next. The programme will be as follows:

July 2.—Tenth international regatta.  
July 3.—Cruise under the fleet officers of the association, and annual business meeting.  
July 4.—Local races for silver cups donated by the citizens of that city, under the auspices of the Bellingham Yacht club.  
July 5.—Local races at Whatcom for prizes donated by the citizens of that city, under the auspices of the Bellingham Yacht club.  
July 6.—Sailing will be on July after the races at Port Townsend on the 4th to tow competing yachts over to Bellingham Bay.

There is every prospect of this being the most successful meeting ever held under the auspices of the association, and the programme as outlined promises a splendid opportunity for club races.

Tendering you a hearty welcome to Port Townsend.

Believe me,  
Yours very sincerely,  
ARCH. C. TWEDDIE,  
Secretary of the N. W. L. Y. A.

### SPORTING NOTES.

Last evening a cricket match was to have been played between the High school and the F. Y. M. A., on the Fernwood ground, but as the High school team did not materialize, a game was played by the club chosen by the captain and vice-captain of the Fernwoods. After an interesting struggle, the vice-captain's side won with a score of 23 to 17.

## Local News.

Found Dead.—Amos Ross, a "boneshopper" man, was found dead in his crib, 26 Harbor Street, last evening. It was decided that the decision of the doctors as to the cause of death.

Moving Pictures.—Prof. Parks has spent the winter in the Klondike taking moving pictures and other photographs, which he will exhibit in a tour of the world. The photographs are particularly good ones and are most interesting, showing the work of miners.

Annual Excursion.—At a meeting held in the schoolroom of the Reformed Episcopal church last evening, it was decided that the church will hold the annual excursion on July 13, in aid of the Sunday school, at Langford Plains. Three trains will be run at 9 a. m., a special at 1:30 p. m., and another train at the afternoon at 3 o'clock.

### HARROWED POTATOES.

From the Outcrop.  
A Golden gentleman who recently planted a field of potatoes, hired a man to harrow them. The man had gone up and down the field once, and before starting again stopped to admire the good work he was accomplishing and smiled complacently at seeing that every potato had been dragged out of the ground. Just then two mining experts arriving on the scene asked what kind of a job the man had, and was informed by the man, "I'm obeying the boss's golden gentleman." As the boss had gone out of town, the experts with considerable difficulty succeeded in getting the man to disoey orders for once.

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Our confectionery is all our own make, and of the purest materials. None but union labor. Telephone 712.

A. COOMBS, PROPRIETOR.

## LOCAL NEWS

Spend Dominion Day in Vancouver. Rate \$2.00 return.

The most complete line of office desks and chairs in the city can be seen at Weiders.

For good and up-to-date furniture, at lowest cash prices, call in at the B. C. Furniture Co.'s store, 66 Government street, and be convinced. J. Schl, mgr.

The Victoria News Co., stationers and booksellers, offers at very reasonable prices Office Supplies. R. T. Williams, manager, 58 Yates street.

Wooler Bros. manufacture all kinds of bank, office, store or saloon fixtures. If you contemplate improving the appearance of your store, call on us.

Classified advertisements, one cent per word per insertion, cash. No advertisement inserted for less than 25 cents.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A good live man to handle "Oxydizer," for Victoria and district. Address W. T. Gibbons, Colonist office.

WANTED—A good man to do outdoor work. Apply at this office between hours of 10 and 11 in the morning.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework and plain cooking. Apply at once to John Street, James Bay.

WANTED—Lady stenographer and typewriter for a law office. Salary \$20 a month. Apply P. O. Box 232.

WANTED—A competent housekeeper for a small family. Apply to 53 Herald street.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in small family. Apply in forenoon at corner Smeace and South Thru streets.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—Work by practical painter, paperhanger and house decorator, etc. by day or job, with or without materials, to suit. Address Work, Colonist.

WANTED—A boy of 16 desires work in an office; willing to make himself useful; can typewrite, and give good references. Address "R," Colonist office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

ENGLISH LADY seeks position as housekeeper to gentlemen. Musica, 54 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C.

DRESSMAKING AND SEWING DONE. Apply 52 Quadra street.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Pony and cart for one month. State terms. Apply F. K. Colonist office.

WANTED—A second hand safe. Turner, Rector & Co.

WANTED—At W. G. Eden's, 125 Fort St. old corner, brass, zinc, bottles, call on this, rubber boots, socks, etc.

WANTED—Coal oil cans. Apply J. W. Mellor, 70 Fort street.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—An unfurnished room in a clean respectable house, not too far from city. V. N., Colonist office.

LADIES ONLY.

MISS M. A. JONES will begin work, May 28th. Electric hair treatment, superfluous hair removed by electrolysis. Office hours 2 to 5 p. m. 218 Yates street, m28

FOR RENT—22 furnished bedrooms, restaurant and bar in the Victoria Hotel block, known as the Imperial Hotel. Address J. Bosworth.

TO LET—ROOM AND BOARD.

TO RENT—Rooms and board in private family, 547 Burrard street, Vancouver.

BOARD OFFERED CHILDREN during holidays or longer, at Cordova Bay, close to beach, or will let two rooms. A. F. Colonist office.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS.

TO LET—Flat, four rooms, with range. Apply M. Jacobson, Head street.

TO LET—Large front rooms suitable for one or two gentlemen. Electric light and bath. Apply C. L. T., this office.

FURNISHED ROOM on Water front, five minutes from postoffice. Apply P. O. Box 518.

NICELY FURNISHED front sitting room, hot room, kitchen and bath room for housekeeping down stairs. Also a suite of rooms upstairs. At Esquire House, 104 Pandora. Apply at 97 Esquire House.

TO LET—Bright, sunny furnished rooms. Apply 54 Vancouver street.

TO LET—Furnished front room for lady. 220 Cook street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Between Millstream and the city, the butt end of a fishing rod. Finder please return to Army and Navy Clearing Store.

FOUND—A lady's satchel containing purse. Owner can have property on proving same and paying for this advertisement.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

MRS. RICHARDS removed from 200 Fort street and will take orders at 67 Fort street.

TO RENT—RESIDENCES.

TO LET—A furnished 9 room house and bath. Apply 23 Budgee Ave., Church Hill.

TO RENT—9 roomed house, furnished or unfurnished, with all modern conveniences, including 2½ acres of land and out-houses. Apply 40 Gorge road, between 9 a. m. and 2 p. m.

TO LET—Double modern house, James Bay. Immediate possession. Helsterman & Co.

FOR RENT—Nice house, 5 rooms, bath and pantry. Pembroke street, \$12.

FOR RENT—House 7 rooms, very clean and neat. 50, A. Williams, 104 Yates street.

TO LET—Ten roomed house, 112 Pandora ave. one, all modern conveniences. Rentals to suit tenant. Apply J. W. Mellor, or B. C. L. Agency.

TO LET—WAREHOUSE.

TO LET—Fireproof warehouse, 22x70 feet, \$15 per month; room and offices Baskin, 415, 417, 419, 421, 423, 425, 427, 429, 431, 433, 435, 437, 439, 441, 443, 445, 447, 449, 451, 453, 455, 457, 459, 461, 463, 465, 467, 469, 471, 473, 475, 477, 479, 481, 483, 485, 487, 489, 491, 493, 495, 497, 499, 501, 503, 505, 507, 509, 511, 513, 515, 517, 519, 521, 523, 525, 527, 529, 531, 533, 535, 537, 539, 541, 543, 545, 547, 549, 551, 553, 555, 557, 559, 561, 563, 565, 567, 569, 571, 573, 575, 577, 579, 581, 583, 585, 587, 589, 591, 593, 595, 597, 599, 601, 603, 605, 607, 609, 611, 613, 615, 617, 619, 621, 623, 625, 627, 629, 631, 633, 635, 637, 639, 641, 643, 645, 647, 649, 651, 653, 655, 657, 659, 661, 663, 665, 667, 669, 671, 673, 675, 677, 679, 681, 683, 685, 687, 689, 691, 693, 695, 697, 699, 701, 703, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713, 715, 717, 719, 721, 723, 725, 727, 729, 731, 733, 735, 737, 739, 741, 743, 745, 747, 749, 751, 753, 755, 757, 759, 761, 763, 765, 767, 769, 771, 773, 775, 777, 779, 781, 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1817, 1819, 1821, 1823, 1825, 1827, 1829, 1831, 1833, 1835, 1837, 1839, 1841, 1843, 1845, 1847, 1849, 1851, 1853, 1855, 1857, 1859, 1861, 1863, 1865, 1867, 1869, 1871, 1873, 1875, 1877, 1879, 1881, 1883, 1885, 1887, 1889, 1891, 1893, 1895, 1897, 1899, 1901, 1903, 1905, 1907, 1909, 1911, 1913, 1915, 1917, 1919, 1921, 1923, 1925, 1927, 1929, 1931, 1933, 1935, 1937, 1939, 1941, 1943, 1945, 1947, 1949, 1951, 1953, 1955, 1957, 1959, 1961, 1963, 1965, 1967, 1969, 1971, 1973, 1975, 1977, 1979, 1981, 1983, 1985, 1987, 1989, 1991, 1993, 1995, 1997, 1999, 2001, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, 2017, 2019, 2021, 2023, 2025, 2027, 2029, 2031, 2033, 2035, 2037, 2039, 2041, 2043, 2045, 2047, 2049, 2051, 2053, 2055, 2057, 2059, 2061, 2063, 2065, 2067, 2069, 2071, 2073, 2075, 2077, 2079, 2081, 2083, 2085, 2087, 2089, 2091, 2093, 2095, 2097, 2099, 2101, 2103, 2105, 2107, 2109, 2111, 2113, 2115, 2117, 2119, 2121, 2123, 2125, 2127, 2129, 2131, 2133, 2135, 2137, 2139, 2141, 2143, 2145, 2147, 2149, 2151, 2153, 2155, 2157, 2159, 2161, 2163, 2165, 2167, 2169, 2171, 2173, 2175, 2177, 2179, 2181, 2183, 2185, 2187, 2189, 2191, 2193, 2195, 2197, 2199, 2201, 2203, 2205, 2207, 2209, 2211, 2213, 2215, 2217, 2219, 2221, 2223, 2225, 2227, 2229, 2231, 2233, 2235, 2237, 2239, 2241, 2243, 2245, 2247, 2249, 2251, 2253, 2255, 2257, 2259, 2261, 2263, 2265, 2267, 2269, 2271, 2273, 2275, 2277, 2279, 2281, 2283, 2285, 2287, 2289, 2291, 2293, 2295, 2297, 2299, 2301, 2303, 2305, 2307, 2309, 2311, 2313, 2315, 2317, 2319, 2321, 2323, 2325, 2327, 2329, 2331, 2333, 2335, 2337, 2339, 2341, 2343, 2345, 2347, 2349, 2351, 2353, 2355, 2357, 2359, 2361, 2363, 2365, 2367, 2369, 2371, 2373, 2375, 2377, 2379, 2381, 2383, 2385, 2387, 2389, 2391, 2393, 2395, 2397, 2399, 2401, 2403, 2405, 2407, 2409, 2411, 2413, 2415, 2417, 2419, 2421, 2423, 2425, 2427, 2429, 2431, 2433, 2435, 2437, 2439, 2441, 2443, 2445, 2447, 2449, 2451, 2453, 2455, 2457, 2459, 2461, 2463, 2465, 2467, 2469, 2471, 2473, 2475, 2477, 2479, 2481, 2483, 2485, 2487, 2489, 2491, 2493, 2495, 2497, 2499, 2501, 2503, 2505,



## Metchosin Property For Sale CHEAP

Fifty acres near the Metchosin Church and School. This property fronts on the sea, and commands a magnificent view of the Straits. This property is for sale at a very low figure.

PEMBERTON & SON, - 45 Fort Street

### THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office, Victoria, June 26-8 p. m. SYNOPSIS. The barometer though abnormally high is falling in this vicinity in advance of an ocean low barometer, which is approaching this coast. It will probably cause a general rainfall as it passes eastward, and be followed by clearing weather. Rain has fallen on the Lower Mainland and in the Kootenay; also in many parts of the Territories east of Medicine Hat. The winds are moderate along the coast and high from the westward from Cape Mendocino to San Francisco.

| TEMPERATURE.    | Min. | Max. |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Victoria        | 51   | 69   |
| New Westminster | 46   | 72   |
| Kamloops        | 46   | 72   |
| Barkerville     | 46   | 72   |
| Calgary         | 46   | 72   |
| Winnipeg        | 46   | 72   |
| Portland, Ore.  | 46   | 72   |
| San Francisco   | 46   | 72   |

For 24 hours from 5 a. m. (Pacific time), Thursday.

Victoria and Vicinity: Moderate or fresh winds, chiefly southerly and westerly, showers at first, then clearing, not much change in temperature.

Lower Mainland: Light or moderate winds, unsettled with occasional rains.

VICTORIA DAILY (1901).

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Observations taken daily at 5 a. m., noon and 5 p. m.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26.

5 a. m. 51. Noon 55. Dec. 55.

5 p. m. 58. Highest 59. Lowest 51.

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a. m. 12 miles southwest.

5 p. m. 12 miles southwest.

Average state of weather—Fair.

Sunshine—3 hours 18 minutes.

Barometer at noon—Observed—29.16.

Corrected—29.16.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Barometer at 5 p. m. Corrected—29.16.

WEEKLY WEATHER SYNOPSIS.

Victoria Meteorological Office, 19th to 25th June, 1901.

For the greater portion of the week an area of high barometric pressure has been hovering on the coasts of Vancouver Island and the State of Washington, while a number of ocean low barometer areas have been crossing the Territories. These movements have caused much unsettled weather, with breezes along the coast, often becoming fresh to strong over the Straits of Juan de Fuca, and a considerable amount of rain fell in the vicinity of Victoria until the morning of the 24th, when the weather became gloomy and showery, continuing until the morning of the 25th.

On the lower Mainland light showers occurred on the 22nd, Sunday, and the 23rd, Monday, but the rain was not so heavy as on the 24th and 25th, when again set in on the lower Mainland, and with fair intervals, continued to the close of the week. In the Cariboo district rain has fallen nearly every day, while in Northern Kootenay rain fell upon three days.

The heaviest rainfall recorded throughout the western portion of the continent occurred at Calgary and vicinity. It commenced during the afternoon of Sunday, 23rd, and rained both heavily and incessantly till Monday night, when the abnormal amount of 3.25 inches was recorded. This steady downpour has caused destructive washouts which have interfered with traffic.

The weather in the Territories and Manitoba during this week has been for the most part cool and showery with thunderstorms upon several days. On Tuesday, the 25th, over an inch of rain fell at both Qu'Appelle and Winnipeg.

At Victoria at 4 p. m., on the 25th, and 42 minutes bright sunshine was recorded. 14.4 inch of rain, the highest temperature 63, occurred on the 19th, and in the Cariboo district, New Westminster has 84 inch of rain, highest temperature 72 on the 19th, and the lowest, 42, on the 25th.

Kamloops reported 48 inch of rain, highest temperature 82 on the 20th, and the lowest, 46, on the 25th.

At Barkerville 18.4 inch of rain fell; the highest temperature was 71 on the 19th and the lowest was 32 on the 25th.

VICTORIA TIDES.

For the Month of June, 1901.

(Taken by the Tidal Survey Branch of the Department of the Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.)

The zero of the accompanying scale corresponds to the average lowest yearly tide, and 183 feet above the sill of the Esquimalt Dry Dock.

The time used is Pacific Standard for the 120 meridian west. It is counted from 0 to 24 hours, from midnight to midnight. The height is in feet and tenths of a foot.

Time.

1 Sa. .011 8.3 8.40 1.018 32.71 1.19 43.71

2 S. .040 8.4 0.10 1.2 10.20 7.3 20.23 7.3

3 M. .138 8.4 1.01 1.0 20.36 7.5 21.50 7.5

4 Tu. .158 8.4 1.01 1.0 20.36 7.5 21.50 7.5

5 W. .295 8.3 1.01 0.9 20.58 7.5 22.45 7.4

6 Th. .235 8.0 1.1 4.3 12.12 7.1 20.57 7.1

7 F. .018 7.2 2.11 5.5 12.27 7.1 20.57 7.1

8 Sa. .210 6.7 4.16 6.8 13.11 2.3 20.58 7.6

9 S. .430 4.9 0.28 5.5 14.58 3.0 20.57 7.1

10 M. .510 3.8 1.32 5.5 15.52 4.7 22.06 8.5

11 Tu. .550 2.6 1.32 5.5 16.46 5.4 22.38 8.9

12 W. .550 2.6 1.32 5.5 16.46 5.4 22.38 8.9

13 Th. .440 1.6 1.16 5.5 17.30 1.0 22.92 9.2

14 F. .720 0.7 1.58 7.0 18.33 6.7 23.49 9.4

15 Sa. .801 0.2 1.65 7.4 19.20 7.0 23.97 9.7

16 S. .820 0.1 1.83 6.3 19.47 7.0 24.29 7.2

17 M. .113 0.2 0.25 0.2 18.18 7.7 21.27 7.2

18 Tu. .159 8.9 10.06 0.0 18.48 7.8 22.29 7.0

19 W. .247 8.3 10.48 0.5 19.10 7.3 23.04 6.7

20 Th. .336 7.6 11.29 1.2 19.29 7.8

21 F. .043 6.3 4.27 0.8 18.62 6.0 21.47 7.8

22 Sa. .163 5.5 5.30 1.2 19.40 6.0 22.00 7.1

23 S. .420 5.0 8.07 5.2 13.32 3.9 20.36 7.9

24 M. .532 4.2 10.33 5.0 11.10 4.7 21.07 8.0

25 Tu. .608 3.6 13.30 5.4 15.00 5.4 22.11 8.2

26 W. .624 3.0 13.30 5.4 15.00 5.4 22.11 8.2

27 Th. .557 2.6 13.30 5.4 15.00 5.4 22.11 8.2

28 F. .719 1.8 13.30 5.4 15.00 5.4 22.11 8.2

29 Sa. .811 1.4 13.30 5.4 15.00 5.4 22.11 8.2

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5 W. .295 8.3 1.01 0.9 20.58 7.5 22.45 7.4

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7 F. .018 7.2 2.11 5.5 12.27 7.1 20.57 7.1

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15 Sa. .801 0.2 1.65 7.4 19.20 7.0 23.97 9.7

16 S. .820 0.1 1.83 6.3 19.47 7.0 24.29 7.2

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27 Th. .557 2.6 13.30 5.4 15.00 5.4 22.11 8.2

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4 Tu. .158 8.4 1.01 1.0 20.36 7.5 21.50 7.5

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6 Th. .235 8.0 1.1 4.3 12.12 7.1 20.57 7.1

7 F. .018 7.2 2.11 5.5 12.27 7.1 20.57 7.1

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13 Th. .440 1.6 1.16 5.5 17.30 1.0 22.92 9.2

14 F. .720 0.7 1.58 7.0 18.33 6.7 23.49 9.4

15 Sa. .801 0.2 1.65 7.4 19.20 7.0 23.97 9.7

16 S. .820 0.1 1.83 6.3 19.47 7.0 24.29 7.2

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25 Tu. .608 3.6 13.30 5.4 15.00 5.4 22.11 8.2

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1 Sa. .011 8.3 8.40 1.018 32.71 1.19 43.71

2 S. .040 8.4 0.10 1.2 10.20 7.3 20.23 7.3

3 M. .138 8.4 1.01 1.0 20.36 7.5 21.50 7.5

4 Tu. .158 8.4 1.01 1.0 20.36 7.5 21.50 7.5

5 W. .295 8.3 1.01 0.9 20.58 7.5 22.45 7.4

6 Th. .235 8.0 1.1 4.3 12.12 7.1 20.57 7.1

7 F. .018 7.2 2.11 5.5 12.27 7.1 20.57 7.1

8 Sa. .210 6.7 4.16 6.8 13.11 2.3 20.58 7.6

9 S. .430 4.9 0.28 5.5 14.58 3.0 20.57 7.1

10 M. .510 3.8 1.32 5.5 15.52 4.7 22.06 8.5

11 Tu. .550 2.6 1.32 5.5 16.46 5.4 22.38 8.9

12 W. .550 2.6 1.32 5.5 16.46 5.4 22.38 8.9

13 Th. .440 1.6 1.16 5.5 17.30 1.0 22.92 9.2

14 F. .720 0.7 1.58 7.0 18.33 6.7 23.49 9.4

15 Sa. .801 0.2 1.65 7.4 19.20 7.0 23.97 9.7

16 S. .820 0.1 1.83 6.3 19.47 7.0 24.29 7.2

17 M. .113 0.2 0.25 0.2 18.18 7.7 21.27 7.2

18 Tu. .159 8.9 10.06 0.0 18.48 7.8 22.29 7.0

19 W. .247 8.3 10.48 0.5 19.10 7.3 23.04 6.7

20 Th. .336 7.6 11.29 1.2 19.29 7.8

21 F. .043 6.3 4.27 0.8 18.62 6.0 21.47 7.8

22 Sa. .163 5.5 5.30 1.2 19.40 6.0 22.00 7.1

23 S. .420 5.0 8.07 5.2 13.32 3.9 20.36 7.9

24 M. .532 4.2 10.33 5.0 11.10 4.7 21.07 8.0

25 Tu. .608 3.6 13.30 5.4 15.00 5.4 22.11 8.2

26 W. .624 3.0 13.30 5.4 15.00 5.4 22.11 8.2

27 Th. .557 2.6 13.30 5.4 15.00 5.4 22.11 8.2

28 F. .719 1.8 13.30 5.4 15.00 5.4 22.11 8.2

29 Sa. .811 1.4 13.30 5.4 15.00 5.4 22.11 8.2

30 S. .811 1.4 13.30 5.4 15.00 5.4 22.11 8.2

1 Sa. .011 8.3 8.40 1.018 32.71 1.19 43.71

2 S. .040 8.4 0.10 1.2 10.20 7.3 20.23 7.3

3 M. .138 8.4 1.01 1.0 20.36 7.5 21.50 7.5

4 Tu. .158 8.4 1.01 1.0 20.36 7.5 21.50 7.5